

ADEN REPUBLIC OF YEMEN INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

NATIONAL BANK OF YEMEN ADEN REPUBLIC OF YEMEN

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REVIEW REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE NATIONAL BANK OF YEMEN

INTRODUCTION

We have reviewed the accompanying interim statement of financial position of the National Bank of Yemen (the Bank) as at 30 June 2011 and the related interim statement of comprehensive income, interim statement of changes in equity and interim statement of cash flows for the six months period then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and related Yemeni laws and regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review.

SCOPE OF REVIEW

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 – "Review Of Interim Financial Information Performed By The Independent Auditor Of The Entity". A review of interim financial statement consists of making inquiries primarily of Bank's personnel responsible for financial and accounting matters and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit, accordingly, we do not express opinion.

CONCLUSION

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements are not presenting fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the National Bank of Yemen as at 30 June 2011 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the six months period then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and related Yemeni laws and regulations.

Dr. Bassam Dahman, IMA Registered Licensed Accountant No. 819

For Dahman & Co.
A member of RSM International

Aden, Republic of Yemen, 5 August 2011

Dahman & Co.
member firm of
RSM
International

Dahman Awadh Dahman, FCCA Registered Licensed Accountant No. 384

INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As At 30 June 2011

ASSETS	Note	30 June 2011 YR' 000	31 December 2010 YR' 000
Cash on hand and reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen	4	7,673,598	11,449,716
Due from banks	5	22,517,953	27,533,176
Treasury bills, net	6	59,369,129	57,660,128
Loans and advances to customers, net of provision	7	8,613,058	8,273,929
Available for sale investments, net	8	301,977	301,977
Debit balances and other assets	9	1,998,171	1,498,462
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	10	2,680,385	2,724,718
TOTAL ASSETS		103,154,271	109,442,106
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Due to banks	11	287,785	291,537
Customers' deposits	12	83,695,316	91,834,327
Credit balances and other liabilities	13	3,538,653	3,342,511
Income tax	14	415,551	418,969
Total Liabilities		87,937,305	95,887,344
EQUITY			
Declared and paid up share capital	15-a	10,000,000	10,000,000
Surplus on revaluation of property reserve	15-b	639,762	639,762
Statutory reserve	15-c	2,168,485	2,168,485
General reserve	15-d	683,863	683,863
Cumulative changes in the fair value reserve	15-e	62,652	62,652
Profit for the period / accumulated profit for the year		1,662,204	
Total Equity	i i	15,216,966	13,554,762
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		103,154,271	109,442,106
CONTRA ACCOUNTS AND OTHER COMMITMENTS, NET	16	18,043,236	22,895,116

Independent Auditors' Review Report attached (page 1).

The attached notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

Sami Abdul Hamid Mackawee
First Deputy General Manager

Esam Ahmed Alwi Alsaqaf General Manager

Ahmed Obaid Alfadli Acting Chairman

INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

		1 January to 30 June 2011	1 January to 30 June 2010
	Note	YR' 000	YR' 000
OPERATING REVENUE			
Interest on loans and advances and due from banks Interest on treasury bills	17	842,833 6,384,704	794,289 4,069,232
Total interest revenue		7,227,537	4,863,521
Cost of deposits	18	(4,602,215)	(3,112,976)
Net interest revenue		2,625,322	1,750,545
Commissions and fee income on banking services Income on available for sale investments (Loss) / Gain on foreign currency transactions	19 20	285,370 32,373 73,773	402,253 2,202 16,167
Other operating revenue	21	758,997	179,928
Net Operating Revenue		3,775,835	2,351,095
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Commissions and fee expenses on banking services General and administration expenses	22	10,028 975,785	31,095 820,891
Provisions	23	622,267	131,032
Total Operating Expenses		1,608,080	983,018
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE ZAKAT AND INCOME TAX		2,167,755	1,368,077
Zakat	13-c	(90,000)	(75,000)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD AFTER ZAKAT AND BEFORE INCOME TAX		2,077,755	1,293,077
Income tax	14	(415,551)	(452,577)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		1,622,204	840,500
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Net movement in fair value for the period		1,662,204	840,500
Other Comprehensive Income For The period		1,662,204	840,500
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		1,662,204	840,500
Total comprehensive income attributable to controlling interest		1,662,204	840,500
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest		•	_
Basic earnings per share	24	166 YR	93 YR

The attached notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

	Share Capital YR'000	Surplus On Revaluation Of Property Reserve YR'000	Statutory Reserve YR'000	General Reserve YR '000	Cumulative Changes in Fair Value Reserve YR'000	Retained Earnings For The Year / Profit For the Period YR'000	Total YR'000
Balance at 1 January 2010	9,000,000	639,762	1,857,104	523,164	54,853	-	12,074,883
Comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	2,075,874	2,075,874
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income							
Net movement in fair value for the year	_				7,799		7,799
Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>				7,799	2,075,874	2,083,673
Transaction with owners							
Transfer to statutory reserve Transfer to general reserve Government share in profit for the year Government's share in profit transferred	- - -	- - -	311,381 - -	311,381 -	- - -	(311,381) (311,381) (500,000)	(500,000)
to share capital	849,318	-	-	-	-	(849,318)	-
Transfer from general reserve to capital Employees' share in profit	150,682	<u>-</u>	-	(150,682)	<u>-</u>	(103,794)	(103,794)
Total transaction with owners	1,000,000		311,381	160,699		(2,075,874)	(603,794)
Balance at 31 December 2010	10,000,000	639,762	2,168,485	683,863	62,652	-	13,554,762
Comprehensive income Profit for the period Other comprehensive income Net movement in fair value for the year		:	:		:	1,622,204 -	- 1,662,204 -
Total comprehensive income						1,622,204	1,662,204
Transaction with owners							
Transfer to statutory reserve Transfer to general reserve Government share in profit for the year Government's share in profit transferred to share capital Transfer from general reserve to capital	:	:		:		:	:
Employees' share in profit	-	-	-		-	-	
Total transaction with owners							
Balance at 30 June 2011	10,000,000	639,762	2,168,485	683,863	62,652	1,662,204	15,216,966

The Bank's Board of Directors, in its meeting held on 15 April 2007, resolved the increase of the share capital of the Bank to YR 10,000,000 thousands. H.E. the Minister of Finance has approved this increase in the share capital. The share capital to be raised from the Government's share of profit at the end of each year as the Board of Directors will decide until the amount of the share capital reaches YR 10,000,000 thousands.

As at 31 December 2010, the Bank's share capital reached the amount of YR 10,000,000 thousand by transferring the amount YR 150,682 thousands from general reserve and the amount 849,318 thousands from the Government's share of the year's profit to the share capital upon the resolution of the Bank's management.

The attached notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	30 June 2011 YR 000	30 June 2010 YR 000
	Note		
Profit for the period before the Zakat and income tax		2,167,755	1,368,077
Adjustments for:			
Provision for losses on loans and advances and on contra accounts made during the period Provision for losses on loans and advances and contra accounts written back during the period Amount utilised from provision for losses on loans and advances during the period Revaluation of balances of provision for losses on loans and advances and on contra accounts Revaluation of available for sale investments Income tax paid Zakat paid Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		612,544 (681,545) (24,536) - 5,678 (418,969) (90,000) 64,862	131,032 (177,807) (426) 103,422 90,134 (774,586) (75,000) 47,210
Net Operating Profit Before Changes In Banking Assets And Liabilities Related To Operating Activities (1)		1,635,789	531,788
CHANGES IN BANKING ASSETS			
Reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen Treasury bills maturing after three months, net of unamortized discount Due from banks maturing after three months Loans and advances to customers before provision but after suspended interest Debit balances and other assets		3,619,917 (11,070,758) 1,201,280 (282,307) (499,709)	(1,001,432) 1,051,208 49,188 351,288 (1,025,692)
Net (Increase) In Banking Assets (2)		(7,031,577)	(575,440)
CHANGES IN BANKING LIABILITIES			
Due to banks Customers' deposits Credit balances and other liabilities		(3,752) (8,139,011) 227,179	(263,779) (199,172) (289,279)
Net (Decrease) In Banking Liabilities (3)		(7,915,584)	(173,672)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(20,529)	(36,698)
Net Cash Flows (Used In) Investing Activities (4)		(20,529)	(36,698)
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (1+2+3+4)		(13,331,901)	(254,022)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		68,094,478	67,595,005
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT PERIOD / YEAR END	26	54,762,577	67,340,983

The attached notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

1 INCORPORATION AND ACTIVITY

The National Bank of Yemen (the Bank) was incorporated in Aden in 1969. It is wholly owned by the Government of Yemen and is registered under commercial registration number 1748.

The Bank undertakes all banking activities through its head office and 28 branches spread all over the Southern and Eastern Governorates and through two branches in Sana'a, and one branch in each of Hodeidah and Taiz. The Bank carries out banking retail activity in the Republic of Yemen.

The Head Office of the Bank is located at Queen Arwa Street. Its postal address is P. O. Box 5, Crater, Aden, Republic of Yemen.

The number of employees with the Bank as on 30 June 2011 was 861 (31 December 2010: 738 employees).

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2-a Basis of Preparation of Interim financial statements

These interim financial statements have been prepared for the period ended 30 June 2011 in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting' and are presented in Yemeni Rials and all values are rounded to the nearest one thousand Yemeni Rial except when otherwise is indicated.

The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs.

2-b Summary of Principal Accounting Policies

The Bank has applied the following accounting policies, consistently, in dealing with significant items of the Bank's interim financial statements:

Trade And Settlement Date Accounting

All "regular way" purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Bank commits to purchase the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Foreign Currencies

- (i) The Bank maintains its records in Yemeni Rials which are the Bank's functional and presentation currency.
- (ii) Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency at the rate of exchange ruling at the value date of the transactions. Balances of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into Yemeni Rials at the rate of exchange rate ruling on that date. All realized and unrealized gains or losses resulting from revaluation are taken to "other operating income" or "other operating expense" in the statement of comprehensive income.
- (iii) The Bank does not deal in forward foreign exchange contracts.

Revenue Recognition

- (i) Interest income is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income on the accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is established on initial recognition of the financial asset/liability and is not revised subsequently. However, in order to comply with the requirements of the Central Bank of Yemen circular no. 6 of 1996, the Bank does not accrue interest income on non-performing loans and credit facilities. When an account is classified as non-performing, all uncollected interest relating to the three months prior to categorizing the loan as non-performing is reversed from income and recorded as uncollected interest income. Income from investments is accrued on notification of entitlement. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.
- (ii) In accordance with the Central Bank of Yemen circular no. 2 of 2000, any provisions written back are included under "other operating income".
- (iii) Commission and fee income on banking services are recognized when earned.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of preparing the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, cash balances with the Central Bank of Yemen other than statutory reserve balances, demand deposits with other banks, treasury bills and certificates of deposit with the Central Bank of Yemen maturing within three months from the date of acquisition.

Due from Banks and other Money Market Placements

Deposits and balances due from banks are presented at cost after deducting any amount that has been written off and any impairment in their value. All money market and customer deposits are carried at amortised cost.

Treasury Bills

Treasury bills issued by the Central Bank of Yemen on behalf of the Ministry of Finance are stated at their nominal value, adjusted for any unamortized discount outstanding at the reporting date.

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2-b Summary of Principal Accounting Policies (Continued)

Provision for Losses on Loans and Contingent Liabilities

In order to comply with the Central Bank of Yemen circular no. 6 of 1996 and circular no. 5 of 1998, provision is made for specific loans, overdrafts, advances and contingent liabilities, in addition to a percentage for general risks calculated on the total of other loans, overdrafts and contingent liabilities after deducting balances secured by deposits and banks' guarantees.

The provision is determined based on periodic comprehensive reviews of the credit portfolio and contingent liabilities. Accordingly, provision is made in accordance with the following rates:

•	Performing loans including watch loans	1%
•	Performing contingencies including watch accounts	1%
•	Non-performing loans and contingencies:	
	- Substandard debts	15%
	- Doubtful debts	45%
	- Bad debts	100%

When a loan is known to be uncollectible, after all the necessary legal procedures have been completed, and the final loss has been determined, or if directed by the Central Bank of Yemen upon review of the portfolio, it will be written off by debiting the provision. Loans to customers are presented in the statement of financial position net of provision and uncollected interest. Proceeds from loans and advances previously written off in prior years are credited to "other operating income".

Investments

As at the reporting date, the non trading investments are classified either as available for sale investments or held for maturity investments.

i) Available for sale investments:

Available for sale investments are financial assets that are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices or that are not classified as loans and receivables, held to-maturity investments or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Available for sale financial assets are initially recognised at fair value, which is the cash consideration including any transaction costs, and measured subsequently at fair value with profit and loss being recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognised.

If an available for sale financial asset is determined to be impaired, the cumulative profit or loss previously recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, is recognised in the income statement. However, interest is calculated using the effective interest rate method, and foreign currency gains and losses on monetary assets classified as available for sale investments are recognised in the statement of the comprehensive income. Dividends on available for sale equity instruments are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in 'dividend income' item when the Bank's right to receive payment is established.

ii) Held to maturity investments:

Where the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold financial assets to maturity, they are stated at amortized cost less impairment losses. Premiums and discounts on held to maturity investments are amortized using the effective interest rate method and are taken to interest income.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings comprise mainly branches and offices. All property, plant and equipment used by the Bank is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent expenditures are included in the asset's carrying amount or are recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to other operating expenses during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

Freehold land is not depreciated. Other property and equipment items are stated at cost or revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on all property, plant and equipment, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost or revalued amount, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition, of each asset over its expected useful life using the straight-line method at the rates stated in the Council of Ministers' Resolution no. 144 of 1999 as shown below:

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2-b Summary of Principal Accounting Policies (Continued)

Depreciation (Continued)

•	Buildings on freehold land	2%
•	Vehicles	20%
•	Furniture and equipment	10%
•	Computers and software programs	20%
•	Security vaults	2%

Improvements to leasehold property
 Years of lease or estimated useful life whichever is lower.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. No property, plant and equipment were impaired as at 30 June 2011 (31 December 2010: nil).

Gains and losses on property, plant and equipment disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in other operating expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

Real Estate Properties Acquired from Customers in Settlement of Loans Pending Sale /Collateral Pending Sale

The Bank occasionally acquires real estate in settlement of certain loans and advances. In accordance with the Banks Law No. 38 of 1998 and the Central Bank of Yemen instructions, assets acquired from customers in settlement of loans are included in the statement of financial position under "debit balances and other assets" use the value at which these assets were acquired less any decline in their value. Any decline is charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

Social Security

The employees of the Bank are contributing to the social security scheme in accordance with the Republic of Yemen's Social Insurance Law No. 25 of 1991. The Bank's annual contribution is charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Contingent liabilities and commitments, in which the Bank is a party, are presented off statement of financial position, net of margins, under "contra accounts and other commitments" as they do not represent actual assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Acceptances

Under IAS 39 (revised), acceptances are disclosed on the statement of financial position under "debit balances and other assets" with corresponding liability disclosed under "credit balances and other liabilities". As a result, there is no off statement of financial position commitment for acceptances.

Financial Guarantees Contracts

Financial guarantees are initially recognised in the interim financial statements at fair value on the date the guarantee was given. The fair value of a financial guarantee at the time of signature is zero because all guarantees are agreed on arm's length terms and the value of the premium agreed corresponds to the value of the guarantee obligation. No receivable for the future premiums is recognised. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Bank's liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of the initial amount, less amortisation of fees recognised in accordance with IAS 18, and the best estimate of the amount required to settle the guarantee. These estimates are determined based on experience of similar transactions and history of past losses, supplemented by the judgement of management. The fee income earned is recognised on a straight-line basis over the life of the guarantee.

Any increase in the liability relating to guarantees is reported in the income statement within other operating expenses.

Financial Assets at Fair Value through profit or loss

This category includes those investments, which are initially recognized at cost and re-measured at fair value. All related realized and unrealized gains or losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Interest earned or dividends received are included in the interest and dividend income respectively.

<u>Zakat</u>

The Bank pays Zakat for the year based on the amount defined in the General Budget Project and approved by the Ministry of Finance to the Zakat General Directorate.

Income Tax

Tax liability payable on the Company is calculated according to tax laws, regulation and orders effective in the Republic of Yemen.

Due to the tax accounting nature in the Republic of Yemen, the application of what is stated on deferred tax in the IAS on income taxation, usually does not evolve deferred tax liabilities. In the case of evolved deferred tax assets due to the application of this IAS, these assets are not added unless there are adequate indicators that it will be realized in the near future.

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2-b Summary of Principal Accounting Policies (Continued)

Related Party Transactions

In its ordinary course of business, the Bank conducts transactions with related parties as defined in International Accounting Standard 24, *Related Party Disclosures*. A party is considered related if being able to either control or exercise significant and material influence over the Bank's financial and operating decision making process. Transactions made with related parties such as Board of Directors members, senior management, their families and companies in which they own 25% or more of its share capital as well as major shareholders, other than the government, who own, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the voting rights are disclosed in the interim financial statement. The pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Bank's management.

Fiduciary Assets

Assets held in trust or in a fiduciary capacity are not treated as assets of the Bank and accordingly are not included in these interim financial statements

Impairment of Assets

The Bank, at each reporting date, assesses whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Bank makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or cash generation unit's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and determined for an individual assets, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Bank assets. When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income consistent with the function of the impaired asset. An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exits, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount.

That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After such a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systemic basis over its remaining useful life.

Offsetting the Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the resultant net balance is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and the Bank intends to either settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Bank's financial instruments are represented in financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets include cash balances, current accounts and deposits with banks, treasury bills, investments and loans and advances to customers and banks. Financial liabilities include customers' deposits and balances due to banks. Also, financial instruments include rights and obligations stated in "contingent liabilities and commitments".

3-a Fair Value Of Financial Instruments

Based on the valuation of the Bank's assets and liabilities as stated in the notes to the interim financial statements, the fair value of the financial instruments do not differ fundamentally from their fair values at the reporting date.

3-b Risk Management Of Financial Instruments

The Bank's business involves taking on risks in a targeted manner and managing the risks professionally. The core functions of the Bank's risk management are to identify all key risks for the Bank, measure these risks, manage the risk positions and determine capital allocations. The Bank regularly reviews its risk management policies and systems to reflect changes in markets, products and best market practice. The Bank's aim is to achieve an appropriate balance between risk and return and minimize potential adverse effects on the Bank's financial performance.

The Bank defines risk as the possibility of losses or profits foregone, which may be caused by internal or external factors.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Bank Treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Bank Treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Bank's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments. In addition, internal audit is responsible for the independent review of risk management and the control environment.

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

3-b Risk Management Of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Risk is inherent in the Bank's activities but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. This process of risk management is critical to the Bank's continuing profitability and each individual within the Bank is accountable for the risk exposures relating to his or her responsibilities.

The Bank is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and exchange rate risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering financial loss, should any of the Bank's customers, clients or market counterparties fail to fulfil their contractual obligations to the Bank. Credit risk arises mainly from commercial and consumer loans and advances, credit cards, and loan commitments arising from such lending activities, but can also arise from credit enhancement provided, such as credit derivatives (credit default swaps), financial guarantees, letters of credit, endorsements and acceptances.

The Bank is also exposed to other credit risks arising from investments in debt securities and other exposures arising from its trading activities ('trading exposures'), including non-equity trading portfolio assets, derivatives and settlement balances with market counterparties and reverse repurchase loans.

Credit risk is the single largest risk for the Bank's business; management therefore carefully manages its exposure to credit risk. The credit risk management and control are centralized in a credit risk management team, which reports to the Board of Directors and head of each business unit regularly.

In order to comply with the Central Bank of Yemen circular no. 10 of 1997 pertaining to the management of credit risk exposure, the Bank adheres to certain minimum standards in order to properly manage its credit risk.

In addition to the standards stated in the above-mentioned circular, additional procedures applied by the Bank to minimize the credit risk exposure are:

- preparing credit studies on customers and banks before dealing with them and determining their related credit risk rates;
- obtaining sufficient collateral to minimize the credit risk exposure which may result from financial problems facing customers or banks;
- follow-up and period reviews of customers and banks in order to evaluate their financial positions, credit rating and the required provision for non-performing loans;
- · distributing credit portfolio and balances with banks over diversified sectors to minimize concentration of credit risk

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the statement of financial position. The maximum exposure is shown gross, before the effect of mitigation by the use of collateral agreements

	30 June	31 December
	2011	2010
Assets:	YR'000	YR'000
Cash on hand and reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen (excluding cash on hand)	6,409,892	10,030,365
Due from Bank	22,517,953	27,533,176
Treasury bills, net	59,369,129	57,660,128
Loans and advances to customers, net of provision	8,613,058	8,273,929
Available for sale investments, net	301,977	301,977
Debit balances and other assets	1,965,504	1,485,022
Total assets	99,177,513	105,284,597
Contra accounts and other commitments, net	18,043,236	22,895,116
Total credit risk exposure	117,220,749	128,179,713

The Bank manages concentration of risk by distributing the portfolio over diversified economic sectors and geographical locations. Note no. 27 shows the distribution of financial instruments over different economic sectors and note no. 28 shows the distribution of financial instruments based on geographical locations.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due under normal circumstances. To limit this risk, the Bank's management in addition to its core deposit base, manages assets with liquidity in mind, monitors future cash flows and liquidity on a daily basis and has arranged diversified funding sources.

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

3-b Risk Management Of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Liquidity Risk (Continued)

The table below shows the maturity analysis for financial liabilities that shows the remaining contractual maturities:

		As at 30 June 2011			
LIABILITIES	Less than 3 months YR'000	From 3 to 6 months YR'000	From 6 months to 1 year YR'000	Over 1 year YR'000	Total YR'000
Due to banks Customers' deposits Credit balances and other liabilities	287,785 55,880,327 3,078,433	8,651,916 141,259	18,929,007 318,961	234,066 -	287,785 83,695,316 3,538,,653
Total liabilities	59,246,545	8,793,175	19,247,968	234,066	87,521,754
			As at 31 Decem	ber 2010	
LIABILITIES	Less than 3 months YR'000	From 3 to 6 months YR'000	From 6 months to 1 year YR'000	Over 1 year YR'000	Total YR'000
Due to banks Customers' deposits Credit balances and other liabilities	291,537 58,432,513	9,865,868 149,779	23,308,730 363,295	- 227,216	291,537 91,834,327
Total liabilities	2,829,437 61,553,487	10,015,647	23,672,025	227,216	3,342,511 95,468,375

In addition to the above, note no. 29 shows the maturity analysis of assets and liabilities and the net gap between the two.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the future cash flows or the value of the financial instruments. The Bank performs a number of procedures to limit the effect of such risk to the minimum level by:

- correlating interest rates on borrowing with interest rates on lending;
- considering the discount rates for different currencies when determining interest rates;
- controlling the matching of maturity dates of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below shows the Bank's exposure to interest rate risks:

				As at 30 .	June 2011	
	Less than 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year	Non Interest Sensitive	Total
ASSETS	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000
Cash on hand and reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen Due from banks	15,155,230	1,582,090	1,069,000	:	7,673,598 4,711,633	7,673,598 22,517,953
Treasury bills, net Loans and advances to customers, net of	33,717,528	12,682,166	12,969,435	•	•	59,369,129
provision Available for sale Investments, net	1,950,698	270,823	5,071,355	1,320,182	- 301,977	8,613,058 301,977
Debit balances and other assets	18,573	2,493	1,684		1,975,421	1,998,171
Total assets	50,842,029	14,537,572	19,111,474	1,320,182	14,662,629	100,473,886
LIABILITIES						
Due to banks					287,785	287,785
Customers' deposits Credit balances and other liabilities	38,443,665	7,423,343	16,761,794	•	21,066,514	83,695,316
Total liabilities	731,547 39,175,212	7,564,602	318,961 17,080,755	<u>-</u>	<u>2,346,886</u> 23,701,185	3,538,653 87,521,754
Interest rate sensitivity gap	11,666,817	6,972,970	2,030,719	1,320,182	(9,038,556)	12,952,132
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap	11,666,817	18,639,787	20,670,506	21,990,688	12,952,132	12,332,132
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap	11,000,017	10,039,707	20,070,300	Z 1,330,000	12,332,132	

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

3-b Risk Management Of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

interest reals risk (Oonanaea)	As at 31 December 2010					
	Less than 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year	Non Interest Sensitive	Total
ASSETS	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000
Cash on hand and reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen Due from banks Treasury bills, net Loans and advances to customers, net of provision Available for sale Investments, net Debit balances and other assets	18,469,196 43,079,285 2,667,481 9,103	1,382,530 6,588,116 500,513 - 868	2,469,840 7,992,727 4,091,731 1,551	1,014,204	11,449,716 5,211,610 - 301,977 1,486,940	11,449,716 27,533,176 57,660,128 8,273,929 301,977 1,498,462
Total assets LIABILITIES	64,225,065	8,472,027	14,555,849	1,014,204	18,450,243	106,717,388
Due to banks Customers' deposits Credit balances and other liabilities	34,537,971 619,039	8,360,911 149,779	20,269,578 363,295	- - -	291,537 28,665,867 2,210,398	291,537 91,834,327 3,342,511
Total liabilities	35,157,010	8,510,690	20,632,873		31,167,802	95,468,375
Interest rate sensitivity gap	29,068,055	(38,663)	(6,077,024)	1,014,204	(12,717,559)	(11,249,013)
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap	29,068,055	29,029,392	22,952,368	23,966,572	11,249,013	

In addition to the above, note no. 30 shows the average interest rates on assets and liabilities applied during the year ended 30 June 2011 and the year ended 31 December 2010.

Exchange Rate Risk

Due to the nature of the Bank's activities, the Bank deals in different foreign currencies; hence it is exposed to exchange rate risk. The Bank strives to maintain a balanced foreign currencies positions in compliance with the Central Bank of Yemen instructions and the requirements of the Central Bank of Yemen Circular No. 6 of 1998 which specifies that individual foreign currency positions shall not exceed 15% of the Bank's capital and reserves, and that the aggregate open position for all currencies shall not exceed 25% of the Bank's capital and reserves. In order to comply with the Central Bank of Yemen Circular No. 6 of 1998, the Bank regularly monitors its foreign currency positions and sells the excess funds in foreign currencies to the Central Bank of Yemen at the prevailing rates on the date of sale. The significant foreign currency positions of the Bank are shown in note no. 35.

The Bank had the following significant net exposures to foreign currencies:

		As at 30 June 2011						
Assets Liabilities	United States Dollar YR'000 40,897,374 (41,018,812)	Pound Sterling YR'000 1,702,072 (1,622,185)	Euro YR'000 3,356,782 (3,324,830)	Saudi Rial YR'000 2,273,958 (2,265,292)	Other currencies YR'000 425,299 (377,859)	Total YR'000 48,655,485 (48,608,978)		
Net currency position	(121,438)	79,887	31,952	8,666	47,440	46,507		
			As at 31 De	cember 2010				
	United States Dollar YR'000	Pound Sterling YR'000	Euro YR'000	Saudi Rial YR'000	Other currencies YR'000	Total YR'000		
Assets Liabilities	51,472,564 (51,601,699)	1,799,900 (1,795,918)	4,744,011 (4,715,414)	2,856,087 (2,802,327)	692,303 (641,475)	61,564,865 (61,556,833)		
Net currency position	(129,135)	3,982	28,597	53,760	50,828	8,032		

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

3-c Capital Management

The primary objectives of the Bank's capital management are to ensure that the Bank complies with external imposed capital requirements and that the Bank maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios. The capital adequacy is monitored on a quarterly basis by the management of the Bank employing techniques based on the guidelines as implemented by the Central Bank of Yemen for supervisory purposes. The required information is filed with the Central Bank of Yemen on a quarterly basis.

The Central Bank of Yemen requires each bank in Yemen to maintain a ratio of total capital to the risk - weighted assets at or above the internationally agreed minimum of 8%. In addition, the Bank is required to maintain a ratio of total capital to the customer deposits at or above 5%.

The total capital of the Bank is divided in two tiers:

Tier 1 capital: which comprises the share capital, statutory reserve and general reserve.

Tier 2 capital: which comprises the revaluation reserves and unrealized gains arising from any changes in fair value of available for sale investments.

Investment in any local bank or finance company is deducted from the Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital. The balance of general provision for loans and advances is added to the Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital.

The risk - weighted assets are measured by means of a hierarchy of four risk weights classified according to the nature of and reflecting an estimate of credit, market and other risks associated with each asset and counterparty, taking into account any eligible collateral or guarantees. A similar treatment is adopted for off statement of financial position exposure, with some adjustments to reflect the more contingent nature of potential losses.

The Bank complied with all the externally imposed capital requirements to which they are subject.

The capital adequacy is calculated as follows:

The capital adequacy is calculated as follows.	30 June 2011 YR' million	31 December 2010 YR' million
Tier 1 capital		
Capital	10,000	10,000
Statutory reserve	2,168	2,168
General reserve	684	684
Total Tier 1 capital	12,852	12,852
Tier 2 capital		
Property revaluation reserve	640	640
Fair value reserve	63	63
Total Tier 2 capital	703	703
Investment in local banks or financial companies	(66)	(66)
General provision balance as at period / year end	35	53
Total qualifying capital	13,524	13,542
Risk weighted assets:		
On statement of financial position	12,989	14,664
Off statement of financial position	3,848	4,605
Total risk - weighted assets	16,837	19,269
Capital adequacy ratios		
Tier 1 capital	76%	67%
Total capital	80%	70%

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

4 CASH ON HAND AND RESERVE BALANCES WITH THE CENTRAL BANK OF YEMEN

	30 JUNE 2011	31 December 2010
Cash on hand:	YR'000	YR'000
In local currency	714,427	615,310
In foreign currencies	549,279	804,041
Purchased cheques, net	<u>-</u>	556
Total cash on hand	1,263,706	1,419,907
Reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen:		
In local currency	3,846,858	3,787,490
In foreign currencies	2,563,034	6,242,319
Total reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen	6,409,892	10,029,809
Total cash on hand and reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen	7,673,598	11,449,716

In accordance with the Yemeni Banks Law No. 38 of 1998, the Bank is required to maintain statutory deposits with the Central Bank of Yemen at stipulated percentages on local currency and foreign currencies of its demand, time and other deposits.

5 DUE FROM BANKS

	30 June	31 December
	2011	2010
Due from the Central Bank of Yemen and other local banks	YR'000	YR'000
Current accounts with the Central Bank of Yemen:		
In local currency	2,022,708	2,456,092
In foreign currencies	806,012	212,588
Total due from the Central Bank of Yemen	2,828,720	2,668,680
Current accounts with other local banks	3,825	936
Islamic investment deposits with two local banks	293,819	392,926
Total due from the Central Bank of Yemen and other local banks	3,126,364	3,062,542
Due from foreign banks and other financial institutions		
Current and demand account balances	4,886,231	6,051,420
Provision for outstanding reconciling items	(20,642)	(20,149)
Time deposits	14,526,000	18,439,363
Total due from foreign banks and other financial institutions	19,391,589	24,470,634
Total due from banks	22,517,953	27,533,176

Current accounts and time deposits with foreign banks carry variable interest rates (0.04% - 4.00%), while current accounts with the Central Bank of Yemen and local banks do not carry any interest.

6 TREASURY BILLS, NET

		30 June	31 December
		2011	2010
Treasury bills due within:		YR'000	YR'000
49 days		-	721,597
90 days		37,395,239	42,815,039
182 days		10,527,400	7,701,100
364 days		14,765,700	8,580,360
	Total nominal value of treasury bills	62,688,339	59,818,096
Unamortised discount du	ie within:		
49 days		(-)	(10,141)
90 days		(978,972)	(1,160,967)
182 days		(543,973)	(399,228)
364 days		(1,796,265)	(587,632)
	Total unamortised discount due	(3,319,210)	(2,157,968)
	Net book value of treasury bills	59,369,129	57,660,128

The treasury bills and repurchased treasury bills carry interest rates ranging from 22.70% - 22.980% (31 December 2010: 12.97% - 22.985%). In accordance with the instructions of the Central Bank of Yemen, treasury bills, which mature within a period not exceeding three months, are considered as part of cash and cash equivalent assets.

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

7 LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS, NET OF PROVISION

	30 June	31 December
	2011	2010
Loans and advances:	YR'000	YR'000
Overdraft facilities	7,262,451	6,169,882
Short term loans	5,181,063	5,960,330
Total loans and advances	12,443,514	12,130,212
Provision for losses on non performing loans and advances (note 7-a)	(3,069,211)	(3,126,033)
Suspended interest (note 7-b)	(761,245)	(730,250)
Total provision for losses on non performing loans and advances and suspended interest	(3,830,456)	(3,856,283)
Net loans and advances to customers	8,613,058	8,273,929

Gross non-performing loans and advances as at 30 June 2011 amounted to YR 5,180,624 thousand (31 December 2010: YR 4,414,718 thousand). The breakup of the above amount is as follows:

		30 June	31 December
		2011	2010
		YR'000	YR'000
Substandard debts		1,042,437	410,801
Doubtful debts		862,022	491,872
Bad debts		3,276,165	3,512,045
	Total gross non performing loans and advances	5,180,624	4,414,718

7-a Movement of Provision For Losses On Non-Performing Loans And Advances

Details of movements in the provision for possible losses on non performing loans and advances during the year were as follows:

	30 June 2011			31 December 2010		
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000
Balance at 1 January	3,072,785	53,248	3,126,033	2,846,709	104,778	2,951,487
Revaluation of opening balances in foreign currencies	5,678	-	5,678	39,908	(67)	39,841
Amount utilized during the period / year	(24,536)	(-)	(24,536)	(426)	(-)	(426)
Adjusted opening balances Amounts recovered of loans previously written off (note	3,053,927	53,248	3,107,175	2,886,191	104,711	2,990,902
21) Provision for the period / year (note 23) Charged to the statement of comprehensive income	(623,964)	(22,554)	(646,518)	(744,584)	(84,087)	(828,671)
	604,506	4,048	608,554	931,178	32,624	963,802
	(19,458)	(18,506)	(37,964)	186,594	(51,463)	135,131
Balance at period / year end	3,034,469	34,742	3,069,211	3,072,785	53,248	3,126,033

Management has decided to provide for the general provision for performing loans and contingencies including watch loans at the rate of 1% (2010: 1%).

The Bank has, during the year, written-off fully provided loans and advances amounting to YR 24,536 thousands (2010: YR 426 thousands) against impairment provisions where all possible actions for recoveries have been exhausted and the Bank's management believes the possibility of recoveries is remote. The Bank's management, however, continues to pursue the recovery of these loans through all possible means and any future recovery from these written-off loans will be recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

7-b Suspended Interest

This represents interest on non-performing loans and advances in accordance with the Central Bank of Yemen regulations and which is recognised as revenue only when collected.

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	30 June 2011 YR'000	31 December 2010 YR'000
Balance at 1 January Exchange differences for the period / year	730,250 1,521 (04,000)	405,514 69,688
Amounts written-off during the period / year Recovered during the period / year Suspended during the period / year	(94,099) (9,969) 133,542	(3,573) (42,965) 301,586
Balance at period / year end	761,245	730,250

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

8 AVAILABLE FOR SALE INVESTMENTS, NET

These comprise investments, available for sale, in the following banks and financial institution:

	Ownership Percentage %	No. of Shares	30 June 2011 YR'000	31 December 2010 YR '000
Unquoted investments in shares of UBAF Group:				
UBAF - Curacao - A Shares of USD 50 / share	0.788	29,944	320,101	320,101
UBAF - Curacao - B Shares of USD 50 / share	0.782	4,693	50,168	50,168
UBAF - Curacao - C Shares of USD 50 / share	1.221	10,565	112,940	112,940
Total investment in shares in UBAF Group		45,202	483,209	483,209
Other unquoted investments:				
ALUBAF Arab International Bank (BSC)-Bahrain (note 8-a)	0.344	6,880	154,985	154,985
Arab Financial Services Company-Bahrain of USD 7.5 / share (note 8-b)	0.167	10,000	22,364	22,364
Yemen Financial Services Company-Yemen of USD 100 / share	10.000	3,107	66,428	66,428
Yemen Mobile Company for Telecommunication-Yemen of YR 500 / share	0.139	120,000	61,200	61,200
Total other unquoted investments			304,977	304,977
Total available for sale investments			788,186	788,186
Provision for impairment (note 8-c)			(486,209)	(486,209)
Net book value of investments available for sale			301,977	301,977

8-a AlUBAF Arab International Bank (BSC) - Bahrain

The Bank subscribed additional shares of 6,880 to equal its share in the share capital increase in AlUBAF Arab International Bank (BSC) - Bahrain. The value per share is USD 50 with total value of US\$ 344,000.

The calculation of fair value of the investment in AlUBAF Arab International Bank (BSC) - Bahrain is based on the book value of shares as per the bank's latest audited financial statement (i.e. for the year ended 31 December 2009) which amounted to USD 55.35 per share (2008: USD 51.26 per share).

8-b Arab Financial Services Company - Bahrain

The calculation of fair value of the investment in Arab Financial Services Company - Bahrain is based on the book value of shares as per the company's latest audited financial statement (i.e. for the year ended 31 December 2009) which amounted to USD 10.46 per share (2008: USD 9.93 per share).

8-c Provision for Impairment

Since no dividends were received from the investments in UBAF - Curacao during the last few years and no dividends are expected to be received in the coming years, a full impairment provision was taken for the balances of those investments because their net present value is nil.

30 luna

31 December

9 DEBIT BALANCES AND OTHER ASSETS

	JU JUITE	31 December
	2011	2010
	YR'000	YR'000
Prepaid expenses and other debit balances	32,668	13,440
Interest receivable	22,885	11,575
Capital costs of new branches under construction	240,187	231,327
Real estate properties acquired from customers, net of provision (note 9-a)	154,656	154,657
Al Amal Bank for Microfinance –Yemen (note 9-b)	20,000	10,000
Al Tadhamon Microfinance – Yemen (note 9-b)	1,000	1,000
Customer acceptances (note 9-c)	1,422,384	1,031,830
Sundry debit balances, net of provision	104,391	44,633
Total debit balances and other assets	1,998,171	1,498,462

9-a Real Estate Property Acquired From Customers, Net Of Provision

The balance of real estate property acquired from customers is net of a provision of YR 9,219 thousand (2010: YR 9,219 thousand). The valuation of these property is in accordance with the instructions of the Central Bank of Yemen.

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

9 DEBIT BALANCES AND OTHER ASSETS (CONTINUED)

9-b Al Amal Bank for Microfinance - Yemen and Al Tadhamon Microfinance - Yemen

The shareholdings in Al Amal Bank for Microfinance - Yemen and Al Tadhamon Microfinance - Yemen have been included in the "debit balance and other assets" rather than "available for sale investments" as management is of the opinion that these amounts would be fully refundable in the future.

Customer Acceptances

In accordance with IAS 39 (revised), acceptances are disclosed on the statement of financial position under "debit balances and other assets" and the corresponding liability is disclosed under "credit balances and other liabilities".

10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

	Freehold land and buildings YR'000	Leasehold improvements YR'000	Furniture & equipment YR'000	Motor vehicles YR'000	Swift & computers YR'000	Total YR'000
COST OR VALUATION	711000				711000	
At 1 January 2011 Additions during the period Disposals during the period	2,333,685 1,724 (280)	102,185 4,235 <u>(-)</u>	395,056 14,537 (7,374)	121,516 - (-)	452,452 10,047 (2,360)	3,404,894 30,543 (10,014)
At 30 June 2011	2,335,129	106,420	402,219	121,516	460,139	3,425,423
At 1 January 2010 Additions during the year	2,069,644 264,041	92,523 9,662	370,460 24,596	121,516 -	230,651 221,801	2,884,794 520,100
At 31 December 2010	2,333,685	102,185	395,056	121,516	452,452	3,404,894
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION						
At 1 January 2010 Charge for the period Disposals during the period	112,474 11,745 (-)	49,955 4,294 (-)	221,798 14,724 (3,729)	106,308 5,940 (335)	189,641 33,280 (1,057)	680,176 69,983 (5,121)
At 30 June 2011	124,219	54,249	232,793	111,913	221,864	745,038
At 1 January 2010 Charge for the year	92,893 19,581	41,451 8,504	191,506 30,292	90,435 15,873	165,234 24,407	581,519 98,657
At 31 December 2010	112,474	49,955	221,798	106,308	189,641	680,176
NET BOOK VALUE						
At 30 June 2011	2,210,910	52,171	169,426	9,603	238,275	2,680,385
At 31 December 2010	2,221,211	52,230	173,258	15,208	262,811	2,724,718

Freehold land, land leased from the Government and buildings on freehold and leasehold were revalued at their open market value for existing use on 1 December 1999, effective from 31 December 1999, by an independent professional real estate firm. In accordance with IAS 16, the cost and related accumulated depreciation as at 31 December 1999 were eliminated and the revalued amount has been considered to be the new gross book carrying amount (note 15-b)

11 **DUE TO BANKS**

	30 June	31 December
	2011	2010
Current and under demand accounts:	YR'000	YR'000
Local banks	-	-
Foreign banks	287,785	291,537
Total due to banks	287,785	291,537

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

12 CUSTOMERS' DEPOSITS

	30 June 2011 YR'000	31 December 2010 YR'000
Current accounts	14,674,956	20,856,321
Savings accounts Term deposits	26,706,560 39,546,430	29,155,629 38,117,416
Other deposit margins	649,281	474,147
Cash deposits for documentary letters of credit, guarantees and others	2,118,089	3,230,814
Total customers' deposits	83,695,316	91,834,327
13 CREDIT BALANCES AND OTHER LIABILITIES		
	30 June 2011 YR'000	31 December 2010 YR'000
Accrued interest payable Unclaimed balances (note 13-a) Provision for employees' leave pay	1,191,767 207,394 41,201	1,132,113 205,200 62,833
Provision for off-statement of financial position items (note 13-b) Employees' share in profit	61,597 42,488	92,634 106,785
Other provisions	492	-
Provision for contingent liabilities (note 33)	60,461	60,461
Customer acceptances	1,422,384	1,031,830
Accrued Zakat (note 13-c) Sundry credit balances	25,000 485,869	50,000 600,655
Total credit balances and other liabilities	3,538,653	3,342,511

13-a Unclaimed Balances

This amount represents balances that are over 15 years old and have not been claimed by the beneficiaries. The increase in the amount is due to the revaluation of the balances in foreign currencies at the year-end rate. Management regularly reviews the likelihood of these amounts being claimed and based on the outcome of such review; it considers the amount that should be transferred to the Ministry of Finance in accordance with the relevant article in the Banks Law No. 38 of 1998.

13-b Provision for Off-statement of financial position Items

	30 June 2011 YR'000	31 December 2010 YR'000
Balance at 1 January	92,634	115,856
Revaluation of opening balance in foreign currencies	-	3,910
Provision charged during the period / year (note 23)	3,990	37,376
Provision written back during the period / year (note 21)	(35,027)	(64,508)
Balance at the period / year end	61,597	92,634
13-c Accrued Zakat		
	30 June	31 December
	2011	2010
	YR'000	YR'000
Balance at 1 January	50,000	-
Written back during the period / year	(50,000)	(-)
Charged for the period / year in the statement of comprehensive income	90,000	150,000
Paid during the period / year	(65,000)	(100,000)
Total accrued Zakat	25,000	50,000

Charged for the period in the statement of comprehensive income is in comparison with the period as at 30 June 2010.

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

14 INCOME TAX

	30 June	31 December
	2011	2010
	YR'000	YR'000
Balance at 1 January	418,969	774,586
Charged for the period / year in the statement of comprehensive income (note 14-a)	415,551	518,969
Paid during the period / year (note 14-b)	(402,899)	(874,586)
Written back during the period / year	(16,070)	(-)
Balance at period / year end	415,551	418,969

Charged for the period in the statement of comprehensive income is in comparison with the period as at 30 June 2010.

14-a Charge For The Period / Year

The income tax charged for the period has been calculated on the basis of 20% (31 December 2010: 20%) of profit for the period, year respectively in accordance to Income Tax Law No. (17) of 2010.

14-b Prior Year Tax Assessments

The Bank has paid the income tax in accordance to the tax claim provided to the Tax Authority but did not receive the final clearance on the tax liability for the financial year ended 31 December 2010.

14-c Income Tax on Provision for Losses of Loans and Advances

In accordance with article no. 85 of the Banks Law No. 38 of 1998, which came into effect on 27 December 1998, and Article 2-a in the Income Tax Law No. 17 of 2010, any provision for losses on loans and advances made by the Bank in compliance with the regulations of the Central Bank of Yemen in this respect, is not subject to the provisions of any income tax law and are allowable as a deduction in arriving at the taxable income.

14-d Income Tax on Suspended Interests

The suspended interests are considered part of the provision for doubtful debts in accordance to article 85 of Banks Law No. 38 of 1998 and Article 14-a of the Income Tax Law No. 17 for 2010 which states that provisions for losses on loans and advances provided by banks for doubtful debts in accordance to the guidelines of the Central Bank of Yemen are not subject to provisions of any income tax when calculating the taxable income.

15 EQUITY

15-a Share Capital

Share Capital	Number of shares 1000 shares	Value of share YR	30 June 2011 YR'000	31 December 2010 YR'000
Authorized	10,000	1,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Declared and paid up	10,000	1,000	10,000,000	10,000,000

15-b Surplus On Revaluation Of Property Reserve

The difference between the revalued amounts of the freehold land and the buildings and their book value as at 31 December 1999 had been credited to this account and included in equity.

15-c Statutory Reserve

In accordance with article 12-1 of the Banks Law no. 38 of 1998, 15% of the net profit for the year is transferred to the statutory reserve until the balance of this reserve reaches twice the capital. The Bank cannot use this reserve without the prior approval of the Central Bank of Yemen.

15-d General Reserve

The balance of this reserve can be used for the purposes approved by the Bank.

15-e Cumulative Changes in Fair Value Reserve

In accordance with the provisions of IAS 39: Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement, the differences between the fair values and the book values of the "available for sale" investments are recognized in the cumulative changes in fair value until they are sold, collected, disposed off, or until they are determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized is included in the statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

15 EQUITY (CONTINUED)

15-f Profit Distribution

In accordance with the provisions of the Public Corporations, Establishments and Companies Law No. 35 of 1991, the annual profit of the Bank shall be allocated as follows:

- 15% to statutory reserve;
- 15% to general reserve;
- 65% to the Government for its share of profit;
- 2% to employee's incentives; and
- 3% to employees' social fund.

16 CONTRA ACCOUNTS AND OTHER COMMITMENTS, NET

Credit related commitments include commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit and guarantees, which are designed to meet the requirements of the Bank's customers.

Commitments to extend credit represent contractual commitments to make loans and revolving credits. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and require the payment of a fee. Since commitments may expire without being drawn upon, the total contract amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

Standby letters of credit and guarantees commit the Bank to make payments on behalf of customers' contingent upon the failure of the customer to perform under the terms of the contract.

The commitments on behalf of customers for which there were corresponding customer liabilities, as of the reporting date, consisted of the following:

the following.	As at 30 June 2011				
	Gross	Covered by	Net		
	commitments	margin	commitments		
	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000		
Documentary letters of credit Letters of guarantee - customers Letters of guarantee - correspondent banks Credit cards Purchased cheques	5,815,183	982,777	4,832,406		
	5,062,508	1,124,782	3,937,726		
	9,110,682	-	9,110,682		
	70,554	10,530	60,024		
	102,398		102,398		
Total contra accounts and other commitments	20,161,325	2,118,089	18,043,236		
	As at 31 December 2010				
	Gross	Covered by	Net		
	commitments	margin	commitments		
	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000		
Documentary letters of credit Letters of guarantee - customers Letters of guarantee - correspondent banks Credit cards Purchased cheques	9,872,458	1,651,818	8,220,640		
	5,650,677	1,559,661	4,091,016		
	10,467,721	-	10,467,721		
	69,485	9,461	60,024		
	65,589	9,874	55,715		
Total contra accounts and other commitments	26,125,930	3,230,814	22,895,116		

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

17 INTEREST ON LOANS AND ADVANCES AND DUE FROM BANKS

17	INTEREST ON LOANS AND ADVANCES AND DUE FROM BANKS		
		1 January	1 January
		to 30 June	to 30 June
		2011	2010
سماما	not an loans and advances to eliente and banks.	YR'000	YR'000
	est on loans and advances to clients and banks:	700 000	740.044
	oans and advances to customers Other facilities	766,390 195	712,814 73
	Murabaha transactions	866	651
IV			
	Total interest on loans and advances to clients and banks	767,451	713,538
	est on balances with foreign banks:		
	urrent accounts	1,868	1,678
- 1	me deposits	73,514	79,073
	Total interest on balances with foreign banks	75,382	80,751
	Total interest on loans and advances and due from banks	842,833	794,289
18	COST OF DEPOSITS		
		1 January	1 January
		to 30 June	to 30 June
		2011	2010
		YR'000	YR'000
	est on current and saving accounts	1,472,830	1,156,897
Inter	est on time deposits	3,129,385	1,956,079
	Total cost of deposits	4,602,215	3,112,976
19	COMMISSIONS AND FEE INCOME ON BANKING SERVICES		
		1 January	1 January
		to 30 June	to 30 June
_		2011	2010
Com	missions on:	YR'000	YR'000
	Documentary letters of credits	35,040	66,433
	Letters of guarantee	80,219	128,740
	Transfer of funds	13,436 4,215	15,412 5,790
	Acceptances Cheques	4,213 121,658	5,790 157,797
Г	·	121,000	107,707
Fees		4.070	F 400
	Banking services	4,679	5,169
	Other services	26,123	22,912
	Total commissions and fee income on banking services	285,370	402,253
20	GAIN ON FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS		
		1 January	1 January
		to 30 June	to 30 June
		2011 YR'000	2010 YR'000
_			
	luation differences on foreign currency transactions	4,495	(38,105)
Gain	on foreign exchange trading transactions	69,278	54,272
	Total gain on foreign currency transactions	73,773	16,167

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

Provision for losses an loans no longer required (note 7-a)					
Provision for losses on loans no longer required (note 7-a)	21	OTHER OPERATING INCOME			
Provision for off-statement of financial position items no longer required (note 13-b) 35,027 25,743 Sundry income Total other operating income 77,452 2,121 Zo GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES 1 January to 30 June to 30 J	21	OTHER OF EIGHTHOUSE		to 30 June 2011	to 30 June 2010
Provision for losses on loans and advances (note 7-a) roal and roal provision for losses on loans and advances (note 7-a) roal provision for losses on loans and advances (note 7-a) roal provision for off-statement of financial position times (note 13-b) roal provision for roff-statement of financial position times (note 13-b) roal provision for first the period for the period	Provisi	on for off-statement of financial position items no		35,027	25,743
1 January		Total other operat	ing income	758,997	179,928
1 January	22	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPEN	SES		
Depreciation of property, plants and equipment Rent Rent Rent Rent Rent Rent Rent R				to 30 June 2011 YR'000	to 30 June 2010 YR'000
Telephone, telex and postage 9,415 11,170 Transportation and allowances 16,486 16,839 Promotions and publications 8,203 14,100 Computer maintenance 1,295 949 Training 11,465 27,521 Taxes and government fees 56,622 26,866 Donations 11,665 7,648 Stationery and printing supplies 13,120 13,523 Consultancy fees for programme for development and improvement of the Bank 10,984 13,510 Others 75,917 50,150 Total general and administration expenses 975,785 820,891 23 PROVISIONS 1 January Total general and administration expenses 975,785 820,891 2011 2010 YR'000 YR'000 Provision for losses on loans and advances (note 7-a) 608,554 100,429 Provision for off-statement of financial position items (note 13-b) 3,990 30,603 Others 7 January Total provisions 622,267 131,032 Provisions 622,267 131,032 Profit for the period YR'000 1,662,204 840,500 Profit for the	Depred Rent Electric	ciation of property, plants and equipment		69,617 18,494 29,248	47,210 17,392 27,237
Taxes and government fees 56,622 26,866 Donations 11,665 7,648 Stationery and printing supplies 13,120 13,520 Consultancy fees for programme for development and improvement of the Bank 10,984 13,510 Others Total general and administration expenses 975,785 820,891 23 PROVISIONS 1 January for 30 June volume to 30 June volume to 30 June volume to 30 June volume volume to 30 June volume	Teleph Transp Promo	one, telex and postage ortation and allowances tions and publications		9,415 16,486 8,203	11,170 16,839 14,100
Total general and administration expenses 975,785 820,891 23 PROVISIONS 1 January to 30 June to 30 June to 30 June to 30 June 2011 2010	Taxes Donati Station Consu	and government fees ons ery and printing supplies	improvement of the Bank	56,622 11,665 13,120 10,984	26,866 7,648 13,523 13,510
1 January to 30 June to 30 June 2011 2010 YR'000 YR'000 YR'000		•	stration expenses		
Provision for losses on loans and advances (note 7-a) 608,554 100,429 Provision for off-statement of financial position items (note 13-b) 3,990 30,603 Others 9,723 - Total provisions 622,267 131,032 24 BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE 1 January to 30 June to 30 June to 30 June to 30 June 2011 2010 YR '000 1 2010 YR '000 Profit for the period YR '000 1,662,204 840,500	20	TROVISIONS		to 30 June 2011	to 30 June 2010
24 BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE 1 January to 30 June to 30 June to 30 June 2010 2010 YR'000 2011 2010 YR'000 Profit for the period YR'000 1,662,204 840,500	Provis	on for off-statement of financial position items (n	oote 13-b)	608,554 3,990	100,429 30,603
Profit for the period 1 January to 30 June to 3		Total provi	sions	622,267	131,032
to 30 June to 30 June 2011 2010 YR'000 YR'000 Profit for the period YR'000 1,662,204 840,500	24	BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE			
Profit for the period YR'000 1,662,204 840,500				to 30 June 2011	to 30 June 2010
	Profit f	or the period	YR'000		
		•			

Basic earnings per share

YR

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

25 **RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS**

The period/	vear and halance	e included in these	interim financial	statements are as follow:
THE PEHOU	year enu balance	5 IIICIUUEU III IIIESE	ililelilli illaliciai	Statements are as follow.

The period/ year end balances included in these interim financial statements are as follow:		
	30 June 2011	31December 2010
	YR'000	YR'000
Board members and parties related to them: Loans and advances, gross	6,693	27,121
Customers' deposits	11,998	11,525
	1 January to 30 June	1 January to 30 June
	2011	2010
	YR'000	YR'000
Interest income for the period	15	442
Interest expense for the period	786	473
26 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		•••
	30 June 2011	30 June 2010
	YR'000	YR'000
Cash on hand and reserve balances with the central Bank of Yemen (note 4)	7,673,598	12,417,134
Due from Banks (note 5)	22,517,953	26,181,162
Treasury bills with the Central Bank of Yemen (note 6)	59,369,129	53,480,514
Reserves balances with Central Bank of Yemen (note 4) Treasury bills maturing after three months, net of unamortized discount (note 28)	(6,409,892) (25,651,601)	(10,688,754) (10,371,917)
Due from banks maturing after three months (note 28)	(2,736,610)	(3,677,156)
Total cash and cash equivalents	54,762,577	67,340,983
•		

27 DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS BASED ON ECONOMIC **SECTORS**

ozoroko				As at 30 Ju	ne 2011		
ASSETS	Manufacturing YR'000	Agriculture YR'000	Trade YR'000	Services YR'000	Financing YR'000	Personal YR'000	Total YR'000
Cash on hand and reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen					7,673,598	-	7,673,598
Due from banks					22,517,953	-	22,517,953
Treasury bills, net Loans and advances to customers, net					59,369,129	-	59,369,129
of provision Available for sale Investments, net	620,865	-	6,066,879	16,298	40,538 301,977	1,868,478	8,613,058 301,977
Total assets	620,865		6,066,879	16,298	89,903,195	1,868,478	98,475,715
LIABILITIES	020,000		0,000,0.0	.0,200	30,000,00	.,000,	00,0,0
Due to banks	-	-	-	-	287,785	-	287,785
Customers' deposits	1,059,472	297,657	10,792,922	2,368,762	8,073,230	61,103,273	83,695,316
Total liabilities	1,059,472	297,657	10,792,922	2,368,762	8,361,015	61,103,273	83,983,101
Contra accounts and other							
commitments	2,988,488	41,032	10,197,149	1,391,833	2,364,012	3,177,041	20,159,555

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

27 DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS BASED ON ECONOMIC SECTORS (CONTNIUED)

	As at 31 December 2010						
ASSETS	Manufacturing	Agriculture YR'000	Trade YR'000	Service:	U	Personal YR'000	Total YR'000
Cash on hand and reserve balances	YR'000	YR 000	YK 000	YR'000		117 000	YR 000
with the Central Bank of Yemen	-	-	-		- 11,449,716	-	11,449,716
Due from banks	-	-	-		- 27,533,176	-	27,533,176
Treasury bills, net	-	-	-		- 57,660,128	-	57,660,128
Loans and advances to customers, net of provision	757,167	-	5,328,303	13,229		2,168,631	8,273,929
Available for sale Investments, net		<u> </u>	-		301,977		301,977
Total assets LIABILITIES	757,167	- -	5,328,303	13,229	96,951,596	2,168,631	105,218,926
Due to banks					291,537		291,537
Customers' deposits	1,624,224	171,774	13,985,941	2,496,26		73,191,433	91,834,327
Total liabilities	1,624,224	171,774	13,985,941	2,496,26	1 656,231	73,191,433	92,125,864
Contra accounts and other							
commitments	3,025,341	5,238	15,977,325	172,40	2,196,126	4,749,499	26,125,930
28 DISTRIBUTION OF A		ITIES, CONT	TINGENT L	IABILITIES	S AND COM	MITMENTS E	BASED ON
As at 30 June 2011							
	Republic						
ASSETS	of Yemen YR'000			urope R'000	Asia YR'000	Africa YR'000	Total YR'000
Cash on hand and reserve balances with		77.00	1	N 000	TK 000	/ N 000	7K 000
Central Bank of Yemen	7,673,598						7,673,598
Due from banks	3,105,722	2,742,30	5 8,80	5,277	7,789,231	75,418	22,517,953
Treasury bills, net	59,369,129		-	-	-	•	59,369,129
Loans and advances to customers, net of provision	or 8,613,058			_	_	_	8,613,058
Available for sale Investments, net	124,628				177,349		301,977
Total assets	78,886,135	2,742,30	5 8,80	5,277	7,966,580	75,418	98,475,715
LIABILITIES	_	'				· ·	
Due to banks	-			-	287,785		287,785
Customers' deposits	83,965,316		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	83,695,316
Total liabilities	83,965,316		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	287,785	<u> </u>	83,983,101
			As	s at 31 Dece	mber 2010		
	Republi	c United Sta	tes				
	of Yemer	n of Amer	ica	Europe	Asia	Africa	Total
ASSETS	YR'000	YR'0	000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000	YR'000
Cash on hand and reserve balances with		•					44 440 740
Central Bank of Yemen Due from banks	11,449,716 3,042,393		.00 10.0	- 108,088	9,882,482	102,913	11,449,716 27,533,176
Treasury bills, net	57,660,128		-	-	-	-	57,660,128
Loans and advances to customers, net of	of						
provision	8,273,929		-	-	-	-	8,273,929
Available for sale Investments, net	124,628		- 100		177,349	400.040	301,977
Total assets	80,550,794	3,597,3	10,9	08,088	10,059,831	102,913	105,218,926
LIABILITIES							
Due to banks	0.4.00.4.00	-	-	-	291,537	-	291,537
Customers' deposits	91,834,327		<u>-</u>			- -	91,834,327
Total liabilities	91,834,327	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		291,537	<u> </u>	92,125,864

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

29 MATURITIES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

		As at 30 June 2011				
ASSETS	Less than 3 months YR'000	From 3 to 6 months YR'000	From 6 months to 1 year YR'000	Over 1 year YR'000	Total YR'000	
Cash on hand and reserve balances with the Central Bank of	777.000		77.000	77.000	77.000	
Yemen Due from banks Treasury bills, net Loans and advances to customers, net of provision Available for sale Investments, net	7,673,598 19,781,343 33,717,528 1,950,698	1,582,090 12,682,166 270,823	1,069,000 12,969,435 5,071,355	85,520 - 1,320,182 301,977	7,673,598 22,517,953 59,369,129 8,613,058 301,977	
Total assets	63,123,167	14,535,079	19,109,790	1,707,679	98,475,715	
LIABILITIES	05,125,107	14,333,079	19,109,790	1,707,079	30,413,113	
Due to banks Customers' deposits	287,785 55,880,327	- 8,651,916	- 18,929,007	234,066	287,785 83,695,316	
Total liabilities	56,168,112	8,651,916	18,929,007	234,066	83,983,101	
Net Gap	6,955,055	5,883,163	180,783	1,473,613	14,492,614	
ASSETS Cash on hand and reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen Due from banks Treasury bills, net Loans and advances to customers, net of provision Available for sale Investments, net Total assets LIABILITIES Due to banks Customers' deposits	Less than 3 months YR'000 11,449,716 23,595,286 43,079,285 2,667,481 - 80,791,768	From 3 to 6 months YR'000 - 1,382,530 6,588,116 500,513 - 8,471,159 - 9,865,868	t 31 December 20' From 6 months to 1 year YR'000 - 2,469,840 7,992,727 4,091,731 - 14,554,298 - 23,308,730	Over 1 year YR'000 - 85,520 - 1,014,204 301,977 1,401,701	Total YR'000 11,449,716 27,533,176 57,660,128 8,273,929 301,977 105,218,926 291,537 91,834,327	
Total liabilities	58,724,050	9,865,868	23,308,730	227,216	92,125,864	
Net Gap	22,067,718	(1,394,709)	(8,754,432)	1,174,485	13,093,062	
30 AVERAGE INTEREST RATES ON ASSETS AND	LIABILITIES					
		As at 30 June 2011				
ASSETS	Yemeni Rial %	US Dollar %	Saudi Rial %	Sterling Pound %	Euro %	
Reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen Due from banks: Current accounts Time deposits Treasury bills, net Loans and advances to customers, net of provision LIABILITIES	22.94 23.00	1.38 - 7.75	0.28	0.68	0.96	
Customers' deposits	20.00	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	
additional deposits	20.00	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	

For The Six Months Ended 30 Jun 2011

30 AVERAGE INTEREST RATES ON ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

		As a	As at 31 December 2010			
ASSETS	Yemeni Rial %	US Dollar %	Saudi Rial %	Sterling Pound %	Euro %	
ASSETS	70	70	70	70	70	
Reserve balances with the Central Bank of Yemen Due from banks:	-	-	-	-	-	
Current accounts	-	-	-	-	-	
Time deposits	-	1.76	0.32	0.79	0.37	
Treasury bills, net	22.98	-	-	-	-	
Loans and advances to customers, net of provision	23.00	7.75	-	-	-	
LIABILITIES						
Customers' deposits	18.00	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	

31 TRUST ACTIVITIES

The Bank does not hold nor manage assets for or on behalf of other parties except for the housing project, which is managed on behalf of the Government.

32 CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The Bank has filed a number of legal cases with the Public Fund Court and the Commercial Preliminary Court against former employees and customers of the Bank relating to irregularities and default in settlements of amounts due respectively. Where there are legal cases filed against the Bank at the respective courts, management fully and/or partly provided for such cases in the interim financial statements. In some of the cases, although court decisions were made in favour of the Bank, their executions have not been effected, whereas the other cases are still pending in the courts.

33 SIGNIFICANT FOREIGN CURRENCIES' POSITIONS

The Central Bank of Yemen circular no. 6 of 1998 establishes limits for positions in individual foreign currencies as well as an aggregate limitation for all currencies. These limits are 15% and 25% of capital and reserves.

As at the period / year end the Bank had the following significant net exposures denominated in foreign currencies:

	30 、	June 2011	31 Dece	December 2010	
	%	YR'000	%	YR'000	
United States Dollar	(0,89)	(121,438)	(0.95)	(129,135)	
Pound Sterling	0,59	79,887	0.03	3,982	
Euro	0,24	31,952	0.21	28,597	
Saudi Rial	0,06	8,666	0.40	53,760	
Swiss Franc	0,23	30,550	0.20	26,986	
Japan Yen	0,11	14,947	0.11	14,560	
United Arab Emirates Dirham	0,01	1,923	0.07	9,263	
Other	0,00	19	0.00	19	
Aggregate foreign currency positions	0,35	46,506	0.07	8,032	

The US Dollar exchange rate as at 30 June 2011 was 213.80 YR/USD (31 December 2010: 213.80 YR/USD).

34 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There are no capital commitments on the Bank as at 30 June 2011 (31 December 2010: nil).

35 PROGRAMME FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPROVEMENT OF THE BANK

During the year 2009, the Bank has accomplished implementing most stages related to part one of the modernization and development programme. The Bank is in the process of continuing part two of the programme involved with implementation of the structuring and technology part. The Bank is financing the cost of both parts of this programme from its own financial resources.

36 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Except when a standard or an interpretation permits or requires otherwise, all amounts are reported or disclosed with comparative information.